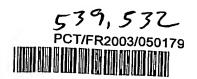
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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicantle annual Ci							
Applicant's or agent's file reference B 14205.3 PR	FOR FURTHER ACTION	ON See Noti	fication of Transmittal of International y Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No. PCT/FR2003/050179	International filing date (a 16 décembre 2003 (ay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 17 décembre 2002 (17.12.2002)				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or na H01L 23/544, 21/768	tional classification and IP	2	17 decembre 2002 (17.12.2002)				
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3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:							
I Basis of the report							
II Priority							
III Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to nov	eltv. inventive st	ep and industrial applicability				
IV Lack of unity of inver	,,	op and industrial appricability					
V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;							
VI Certain documents cited							
VII Certain defects in the international application							
VIII Certain observations on the international application							
Date of submission of the demand		f completion of t	his report				
18 juin 2004 (18.06.2004)			(ay 2005 (06.05.2005)				
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 1994)

Translation

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

Basis of th				NATION REPORT	PCT/FR2003/050179
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under Artic	le 14 are referred	to in this report	as "originally filed	eers which have been furnished to t i" and are not annexed to the re	the receiving Office in response to an invitati port since they do not contain amendments.):
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\boxtimes	the description	n, pages	1-13	, as originally filed,	
				, filed with the demand,	
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		pages		, filed with the letter of	
\boxtimes	the claims,			, as originally filed,	
		Nos.		, as originally filed, , as amended under Article	10
				, filed with the demand,	19,
		Nos.		, filed with the letter of	
		Nos.		, filed with the letter of	
\boxtimes	the drawings,	sheets/fig	1/9-9/9	, as originally filed,	
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.
PCT/FR 03/50179

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-16	YES
		Claims		NO
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-16	YES
		Claims		NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-16	YES
		Claims		NO

- 2. Citations and explanations
 - Reference is made to the following document:

D1: US-A-5 952 694 (AKINO YUTAKA ET AL) 14 September 1999 (1999-09-14)

- Claim 1 is not clear, therefore the application does not meet the requirements of PCT Article 6.
- It is apparent from all the embodiments of the invention contained in the description (cf. page 10, lines 2-8 and corresponding figures 6 and 7, page 12, lines 8-14 and corresponding figures 19 and 20), and from the use of the expression "bonding layer", that the following feature is essential for the definition of the invention: after the structure is turned over, the first bonding layer is bonded to a transfer substrate.

As independent claim 1 does not contain this feature, the claim does not meet the requirement of PCT Article 6 in combination with PCT Rule 6.3(b), which specifies that an independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the definition of the invention.

- Furthermore, it is clear from page 10, lines 9-17 of the description and figure 9 that the steps of (a) etching the first bonding layer in order to form a second mark, (b) depositing a second pattern layer, (c) defining a second pattern by lithography, are all performed on the side of the thin film which was in contact with the substrate, that is, on the side opposite the transfer substrate. However, this feature is not clear from the wording of claim 1.
- 2.3 The description and the drawings have been taken into account in interpreting claim 1 for the purpose of the present examination.
- Document D1 is considered to be the most relevant 3 prior art. It discloses (cf. embodiment 14 described in column 15, line 64 to column 17, line 13, and in figures 21A-21E, 22A-22B, 23A-23E) a process for forming patterns 79, 84 aligned on either side of a thin film 1 by means of an alignment mark 3. During the process, the alignment mark is covered with a bonding layer 80. subject matter of claim 1 differs from the method of embodiment 14 of D1 in that a second mark for aligning a second pattern on a second surface of a thin film is etched in the same place as a first mark etched and covered with a bonding layer, this first mark being used for aligning a first pattern on the first surface of said thin film.

The subject matter of claim 1 is therefore novel (PCT Article 33(2)).

The problem which the present invention is designed

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to solve can therefore be considered that of providing a second mark (aligned with the first on the opposite surface), which is visible in order that the patterns on either side of a thin film can be aligned precisely.

The solution to this problem proposed in claim 1 of the present application is considered to involve an inventive step (PCT Article 33(3)) for the following reasons.

In the forming process described in embodiment 14 of document D1, alignment mark 3 is not visible on the surface of the thin film which was attached to substrate 70. In D1, unlike in the procedure of claim 1, the mark is detected through the thin film and there is no indication that would lead a person skilled in the art to carry out an additional step of etching in the thin film in order to form a visible alignment mark.

Embodiment 16 of D1 (described in column 17, line 25 to column 18, line 3 and by figures 25 and 18A to 18D) discloses an alternative process in which alignment mark 3 extends through the entire width of thin film 1. After the substrate 70 has been removed, the mark appears on the second surface SS of the thin film 1. The structure in figure 25 is similar to the mark formed according to claim 1, but the formation process thereof does not include an essential step of the present invention, that is of depositing a bonding layer for filling the alignment mark in order to obtain a levelled surface for bonding a support substrate. In embodiment 16 of D1 (cf. column 17, lines 41-44 and column 14, lines

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23-31) the support substrate is bonded directly to the surface of the thin film, and therefore the lack of a bonding layer reduces the strength of the bond between the thin film and the support substrate.

A person skilled in the art could not have arrived at the subject matter of claim 1 by combining embodiment 14 with embodiment 16 of D1 without exercising inventive skill. Furthermore, none of the known prior art documents appears to provide any indication leading the person skilled in the art to change one of said embodiments of D1 in order to arrive at the subject matter of claim 1.

- 4 Claims 2-16 are dependent on claim 1 and therefore, as such, also meet the PCT requirements as regards novelty and inventive step.
- Contrary to the requirement of PCT Rule 5.1(a)(ii), the relevant prior art disclosed in document D1 has not been indicated in the description, nor has this document been cited.

No document reflecting the prior art described on page 3, line 21 to page 4, line 6 has been cited in the description (PCT Rule 5.1(a)(ii)).